AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

1-27 (Cancelled)

- 1 28. (Original) A method for manufacturing a
- 2 semiconductor device having a bipolar transistor, a
- 3 Schottky diode, and a resistance element formed in a first
- 4 region, a second region, and a third region of a
- 5 semiconductor substrate, respectively, said method
- 6 comprising the steps of:
- 7 (a) forming the bipolar transistor in the first
- 8 region;
- 6 (b) forming a first semiconductor layer of the
- 10 Schottky diode in the second region;
- 11 (c) forming an ohmic electrode of the Schottky diode,
- 12 electrically connected to the first semiconductor layer, in
- 13 the second region; and
- 14 (d) forming a Schottky electrode of the Schottky
- 15 diode, electrically connected to the first semiconductor

- 16 layer, in the second region and a resistance film of the
- 17 resistance element in the third region;
- wherein in the step (d), the Schottky electrode and
- 19 the resistance film are made of a same layer.
 - 1 29. (Original) A method according to Claim 28,
 - 2 wherein in the step (d), the Schottky electrode and the
 - 3 resistance film are simultaneously formed.
 - 1 30. (Original) A method according to Claim 28,
 - 2 wherein the bipolar transistor is a hetero-junction bipolar
 - 3 transistor.
 - 1 31. (Original) A method according to Claim 30,
 - 2 wherein the semiconductor substrate is made of GaAs.
 - 1 32. (Original) A method according to Claim 31,
 - 2 wherein the Schottky electrode and the resistance film are
 - 3 made of WSiN.

- 1 33. (Original) A method for manufacturing a
- 2 semiconductor device having a bipolar transistor, a
- 3 Schottky diode, and a resistance element formed in a first
- 4 region, a second region, and a third region of a
- 5 semiconductor substrate, respectively, said method
- 6 comprising the steps of:
- 7 (a) forming an emitter layer of the bipolar transistor
- 8 in the first region;
- 6 (b) forming a base layer of the bipolar transistor,
- 10 under the emitter layer, in the first region;
- 11 (c) forming a collector layer of the bipolar
- 12 transistor, under the base layer, in the first region, and
- 13 a first semiconductor layer of the Schottky diode in the
- 14 second region;
- (d) forming an ohmic electrode of the Schottky diode,
- 16 electrically connected to the first semiconductor layer, in
- 17 the second region; and
- 18 (e) forming a Schottky electrode of the Schottky
- 19 diode, electrically connected to the first semiconductor
- 20 layer, in the second region, and a resistance film of the
- 21 resistance element in the third region;

- wherein in the step (), the Schottky electrode and
- 23 the resistance film are made of a same layer.
 - 1 34. (Original) A method according to Claim 33,
 - 2 wherein the first semiconductor layer of the Schottky diode
 - 3 and the collector layer are made of a same layer.
 - 1 35. (Original) A method according to Claim 34,
 - 2 wherein a separation groove is formed between the first
 - 3 region and the second region.
 - 1 36. (Original) A method according Claim 35, wherein
 - 2 the bipolar transistor is a hetero-junction bipolar
 - 3 transistor, and the semiconductor substrate is made of
 - 4 GaAs.
 - 1 37. (Original) A method according to Claim 33,
 - 2 further comprising the step of:
 - 3 (f) forming a first wiring electrically connected to
 - 4 the emitter layer, a second wiring electrically connected
 - 5 to the base layer, a third wiring electrically connected to
 - 6 the collector layer, a fourth wiring electrically connected
 - 7 to the ohmic electrode, a fifth wiring electrically

- 8 connected to the Schottky electrode, a sixth wiring
- 9 electrically connected to the resistance film, and a
- 10 seventh wiring electrically connected to the resistance
- 11 film;
- wherein the fifth to seventh wirings are made of a
- 13 same material.